THE PAST TENSE IN FRENCH

(a.k.a. the imperfect tense)

When to use it:

- when describing events that happened in the past
- when describing **ongoing** actions 'It rained every day on holiday' etc
- when you would say "I used to..." or "I was doing X when Y happened" etc in English

RULE: To conjugate the imperfect tense, we use the present tense of the verb we need. Find the **NOUS** form of the verb. and remove the **-ons** ending. Then we add our imperfect verb ending:

Here are the imperfect verb endings:

ENGLISH Subject pronoun	French Subject pronoun	imperfect verb endings
I	je	-ais
you (sgl.)	tu	-ais
he / she / we	il / elle / on	-ait
we	nous	-ions
you (pl.)	vous	-iez
they (m.) / (f.)	ils / elles	-aient

EXAMPLE:

we want to say "I used to play basketball" Following the rule above; to play = *jouer* we play = *nous jouons*

remove the **-ons** ending (leaving us with '**jou**-') now just add the imperfect verb ending for '**je**' = **je jou<u>ais</u>**

You've probably already seen the

imperfect tense without even

realising it...

$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$			\supset
c'ét <mark>ait</mark>	=	it was / it used to be	
j'ét <mark>ais</mark>	=	I was /I used to be	
ce <u>n</u> 'ét <mark>ait</mark> <u>pas</u>	=	it wasn't / didn't used to be	
quand j'av <mark>ais</mark> dix ans	=	when I was 10 years old	
il y av <mark>ait</mark>	=	there was / were	
il <mark>n'</mark> y av <mark>ait pas</mark>	=	there wasn't / weren't	
je jou <mark>ais</mark>	=	I played / used to play / was playing	
tu fais <mark>ais</mark> de la danse	=	you danced / used to dance / were dancing	
il lis <mark>ait</mark>	=	he read / used to read / was reading	
elle aim <mark>ait</mark>	=	she liked / used to like / was liking	
nous dorm <mark>ions</mark>	=	we slept / used to sleep / were sleeping	
vous nage <mark>iez</mark>	=	you swam / used to swim / were swimming	
ils pouv <mark>aient</mark>	=	they (m. pl.) could / used to be able to	
elles attend <mark>aient</mark>	=	they (f. pl.) waited / used to wait / were waiting	